

Brief Profile

Name	DR SHRINIVASA B M
Current Designation	SCIENTIST-C(MEDICAL)
Research Discipline	EPIDEMIOLOGY/INFECTIOUS DISEASES
Department / Division	EPIDEMIOLOGY
Date of joining the current post	19/07/2022
Date of joining ICMR	30/11/2016
Official E-mail ID	shrinivasa.mb@icmr.gov.in
Educational Qualification	MBBS, MD (Community Medicine), DPH
Research experience (in years):	08
Research Interest/Thrust Areas	
Infectious disease Epidemiology. Vector borne diseases. Clinical trial and Vector control product trials. Epidemic response and outbreak investigation.	
Number of projects handled as:	
Principal Investigator - 04	
Co-Principal Investigator - 3	
Co-investigator-10	
Number of doctorate / post-doc students mentored	
As Guide - 3	
As Co-guide - 2	
List of significant publications (Please give the details of the publications in APA format)	
<p>With 35 plus publications and h index 12 (2024 October) Link of google scholar id for publication list https://scholar.google.com/citations?user=bJuHrgEAAAAJ&hl=en</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. . Shrinivasa BM, Philip R, Krishnapali V, Suraj A, Sreelakshmi PR. Prevalence of anemia among tribal women of reproductive age-group in Wayanad district of Kerala. Int j health allied sci. 2014;3(2):120 Original article 2. Bm S, Yadav K, Mr N, Hs K. Patient based factors influencing drug compliance among hypertensive patients in a tertiary care hospital in Mysore. Int J Res Med Sci. 2015;3(6):1435–8. Original article 3. Chandranaik BM, Shivashankar BP, Umashankar KS, Nandini P, Giridhar P, Byregowda SM, et al. Mycobacterium tuberculosis Infection in Free-Roaming Wild Asian Elephant. Emerg Infect Dis. 2017;23(3):555–7. Original article 4. Paradkar M, Padmapriyadarsini C, Jain D, Shivakumar SVBY, Thiruvengadam K, Gupte AN, et al. Tuberculosis preventive treatment should be considered for all household contacts of pulmonary tuberculosis 	

- patients in India. PLoS One. 2020;15(7):e0236743. Original article
5. Rajamanickam A, Kumar NP, Padmapriyadarsini C, Nancy A, Selvaraj N, Karunanithi K, Munisankar S, BM Shrinivasa et., al. Latent tuberculosis co-infection is associated with heightened levels of humoral, cytokine and acute phase responses in seropositive SARS-CoV-2 infection. J Infect. 2021 Sep;83(3):339-346. doi: 10.1016/j.jinf.2021.07.029. Epub 2021 Jul 28. PMID: 34329676; PMCID: PMC8316716.
 6. Unraveling Dengue Dynamics: In-Depth Epidemiological and Entomological Analyses in Bengaluru, India .Journal of Tropical Medicine Volume 2024, Article ID 7247263, 7 pages
<https://doi.org/10.1155/2024/7247263> Vani H. C.,1 Sujit Nath N.,1 Jaiswal M. K.,1 Tiwari R. P.,1 Bharathi P.,1 Asmita B.,2 Shankar G.,1 Jithen C.,3 Pallavi V. D.,4 Srinivas V.,5 Ashok M.,5 Mahamood Sharif,6 Renuka S.,1 and **Shrinivasa B. M. 1**
 7. Malaria control – lessons learned from trends of Malaria indices over three decades in Karnataka, India. Malaria Journal <https://doi.org/10.1186/s12936-023-04774-1> Vani Hanumantappa Chalageri1, Shrinivasa B. Marinaik1*, Sujith N. Nath1, Richa Singhal2, Smita Rawat3, Krishnappa Ravikumar4, Mahamood Shariff5 and Alex Eapen6

2.

Achievements/Awards/Additional Information

COVISHIELD vaccine CO-PI and trail amanger .

Principal investigator of Sub national malaria survey (GFATM /NCVBDC) project

Co-investigator of National TB prevalence study .

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Signature